



TELECOM REGULATORY AUTHORITY OF INDIA

Independent Drive Test Report

Rajasthan LSA

May 2026

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1. Introduction

TRAI Act, 1997 mandates the Authority to ensure the services delivered through various telecommunications networks meet the required quality standards prescribed, to protect the interest of the consumers of telecommunication services. TRAI is also responsible for conducting the periodical audit of such services provided by the service providers so as to protect the interests of the consumers of telecommunications services.

Accordingly, TRAI has engaged M/s RedMango Analytics Pvt. Ltd. to undertake assessment of Quality of Service of mobile service through Independent Drive Test (IDT).

In IDT, the performance of all service providers providing service in a Licensed Service Area (LSA) through various technologies (like 2G/ 3G/ 4G/ 5G) for voice and data are measured by conducting drive test. The drive test routes are finalised based on various objective criteria like reported network performance, consumer complaints etc. Methodology adopted for conducting IDT is elaborated in **APPENDIX-I**.

2. Executive Summary (LSA)

2.1 Drive test details

This report covers the findings of the IDT undertaken in Rajasthan License Service Area (LSA) during the month of May-2026 under the supervision of TRAI Regional Office (RO) Jaipur. Details of route/area covered during the IDT are as given below:

| S. No | Drive test route | Type of route | Distance covered (KMs) | From date | To date |
|-------|----------------------|---------------|------------------------|------------|------------|
| 1 | Jodhpur to Ahmedabad | Railway | 456.9 | 4-May-2026 | 4-May-2026 |

Table-1: Drive test summary.

2.2 Drive test routes

The map provides overview of drive test routes indicating railway route as per the legends shown on the map.

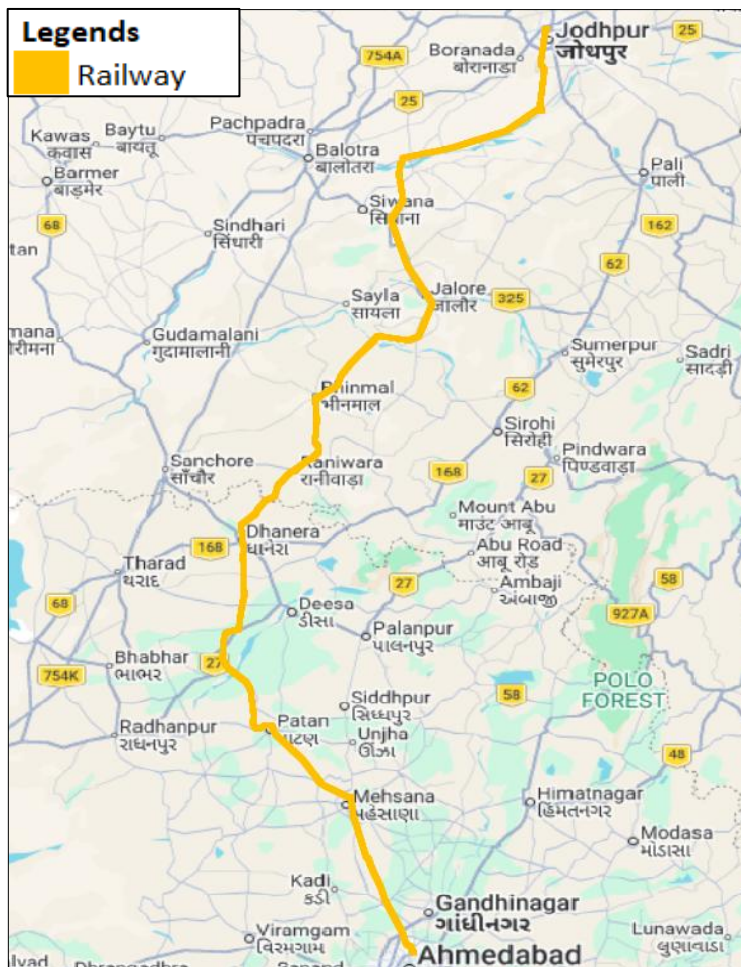


Figure-1: Drive test routes

2.3 Summary of areas covered

- a) **Railway-** Jodhpur to Ahmedabad passing through Bhagat Ki Kothi, Luni Junction, Dundara, Samdari Junction, Mokalsar, Jalor, Modran, Marwar Bhinmal, Raniwara, Dhanera, Bhildi Junction, Patan and Mahesana Junction etc.

2.4 Telecom service providers detected frequency bands

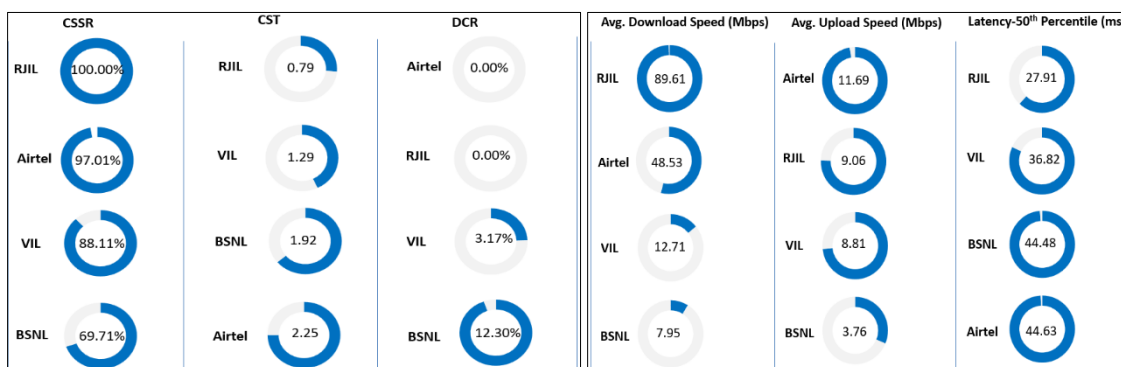
Technologies covered during the IDT and frequency bands in use are summarised in table below:

| S.no. | Name of TSP | Technology | Frequency Bands (In MHz) |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | Bharti Airtel Ltd. | 4G | 900,1800,2100,2300 |
| 2 | Bharti Airtel Ltd. | 5G | 3500 |
| 3 | BSNL | 2G | 900 |
| 4 | BSNL | 3G | 2100 |
| 5 | BSNL | 4G | 700,850,2100,2500 |
| 6 | Reliance JIO Infocomm Ltd. | 4G | 850,1800,2300 |
| 7 | Reliance JIO Infocomm Ltd. | 5G | 700,3500 |
| 8 | Vodafone Idea Ltd. | 2G | 900 |
| 9 | Vodafone Idea Ltd. | 4G | 900,1800,2100,2500 |
| 10 | Vodafone Idea Ltd. | 5G | 3500 |

Table-2: Telecom service provider (TSP) covered in IDT

2.5 Performance against key QoS parameters

CSSR: Call Setup Success Rate (in %), CST: Call Setup Time (in seconds) & DCR: Drop Call Rate (in %)



Summary-Voice services

Call Setup Success Rate: Airtel, BSNL, RJIL and VIL have 97.01%, 69.71%, 100.00% and 88.11%, call setup success rate respectively in Auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G).

Call Setup Time: Airtel, BSNL, RJIL & VIL have call setup time of 2.25, 1.92, 0.79 and 1.29 seconds respectively in Auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G).

Drop Call Rate: Airtel, BSNL, RJIL and VIL have drop call rate 0.00%, 12.30%, 0.00% and 3.17% respectively in Auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G).

Summary-Data services

Data Download performance (Overall): Average download speed of Airtel (5G/4G) is 48.53 Mbps, BSNL (4G/3G/2G) is 7.95 Mbps, RJIL (5G/4G) is 89.61 Mbps and VIL (5G/4G/2G) is 12.71 Mbps.

Data Upload performance (Overall): Average upload speed of Airtel (5G/4G) is 11.69 Mbps, BSNL (4G/3G/2G) is 3.76 Mbps, RJIL (5G/4G) is 9.06 Mbps and VIL (5G/4G/2G) is 8.81 Mbps.

Latency (Overall): Airtel, BSNL, RJIL and VIL 50th percentile latency is 44.63 ms, 44.48 ms, 27.91 ms, 36.82 ms respectively.

- The poor Signal Strength in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) during **voice** testing has been observed in 7.00%, 31.19%, 2.62% & 19.95% of the **Railway IDT route** in case of Airtel, BSNL, RJIL & VIL respectively. {refer **figure- 19 to 22** as per the **Section 6.1** under Para-6(Annexure)}
- The poor Signal Strength in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) during **data** testing has been observed in 19.73%, 30.19%, 9.86% & 20.36% of the **Railway IDT route** in case of Airtel, BSNL, RJIL & VIL respectively. {refer **figure- 23 to 26** as per the **Section 6.1** under Para-6(Annexure)}

QoS Performance Analysis- Rajasthan LSA

3. QoS performance analysis-LSA level

3.1 Overview

This section provides summary of overall QoS performance of the telecom service provider's network in the LSA by aggregating the results of drive tests conducted in the Rajasthan LSA during the month of May-2026 covering railway route. (Refer Table-1)

3.2 Voice performance

(a) Voice Call Performance in auto network selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G)

| Parameters | Service Provider | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| | Auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) | | | |
| | AIRTEL | BSNL | RJIL | VIL |
| Call Attempts | 134 | 175 | 130 | 143 |
| Call Setup Success Rate % | 97.01 | 69.71 | 100.00 | 88.11 |
| Drop Call Rate % | 0.00 | 12.30 | 0.00 | 3.17 |
| Call Setup Time-Average (Second) | 2.25 | 1.92 | 0.79 | 1.29 |
| Handover Success Rate % | 99.65 | 98.27 | 99.89 | 99.68 |

Table-3: Summary of voice call performance in network auto-selection mode.

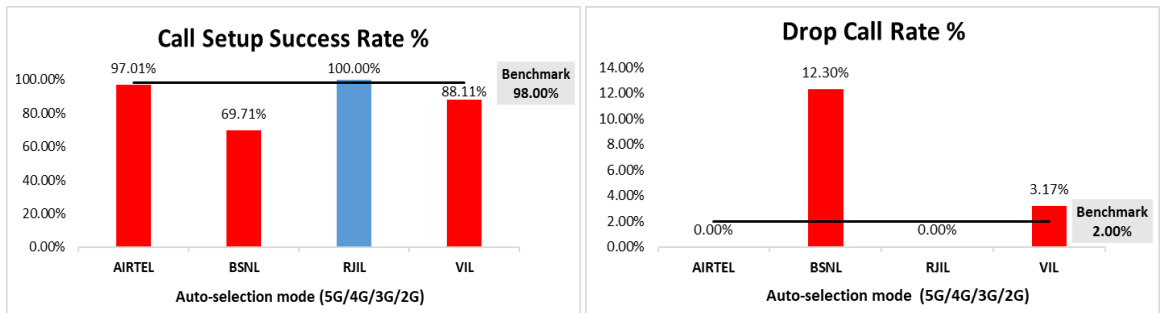


Figure-2: Performance for call setup success rate and drop call rate.

| Technology | Service Provider | | | |
|------------|-----------------------------------|------|------|-----|
| | Auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) | | | |
| | AIRTEL | BSNL | RJIL | VIL |
| 5G | 0 | NA | 272 | 0 |
| 4G | 913 | 213 | 751 | 606 |
| 3G | NA | 21 | NA | NA |
| 2G | NA | 72 | NA | 26 |

Table-4: Technology wise number of network cell Id's latched during drive test.

Note-

- NA- Service provider doesn't provide services in respective technology.
- 0- No cell Id's were found in respective technology.

3.3 Data performance

(a) Data Parameters (Auto-selection mode- 5G/4G/3G/2G)

| Parameters | | Service Provider | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| | | Auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) | | | |
| | | AIRTEL | BSNL | RJIL | VIL |
| Download Throughput (Mbits/s) | Average | 48.53 | 7.95 | 89.61 | 12.71 |
| | 80th Percentile | 79.09 | 13.69 | 158.94 | 20.64 |
| | 20th Percentile | 2.49 | 0.75 | 18.89 | 3.23 |
| Upload Throughput (Mbits/s) | Average | 11.69 | 3.76 | 9.06 | 8.81 |
| | 80th Percentile | 20.17 | 5.95 | 14.98 | 15.56 |
| | 20th Percentile | 1.86 | 1.20 | 2.26 | 2.11 |
| Latency (ms) | 50th Percentile | 44.63 | 44.48 | 27.91 | 36.82 |

Table-5: Summary of data performance in network auto-selection mode.

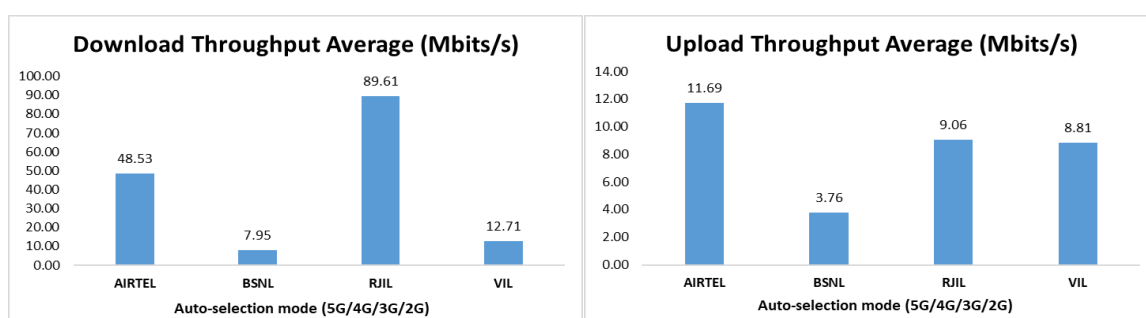


Figure- 3: Download and Upload throughput

| Number of unique cell Id's covered in Data test- Technology wise | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|------|------|-----|
| Technology | Service Provider | | | |
| | Auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) | | | |
| | AIRTEL | BSNL | RJIL | VIL |
| 5G | 0 | NA | 549 | 0 |
| 4G | 935 | 216 | 101 | 669 |
| 3G | NA | 11 | NA | NA |
| 2G | NA | 35 | NA | 28 |

Table-6: Technology wise number of network cell Id's latched during drive test.

Note-

- NA- Service provider doesn't provide services in respective technology.
- 0- No cell Id's were found in respective technology.

Detailed QoS Performance Analysis

4. Detailed QoS performance analysis

4.1 Overview

This section covers analysis on performance of railway route for all telecom service providers, the results of drive tests conducted are shown individually for respective areas/locations.

4.2 Railway

Drive test has been conducted on 4th May 2026 covering one Railway route. (Refer rable-1)

4.2.1 Drive test route

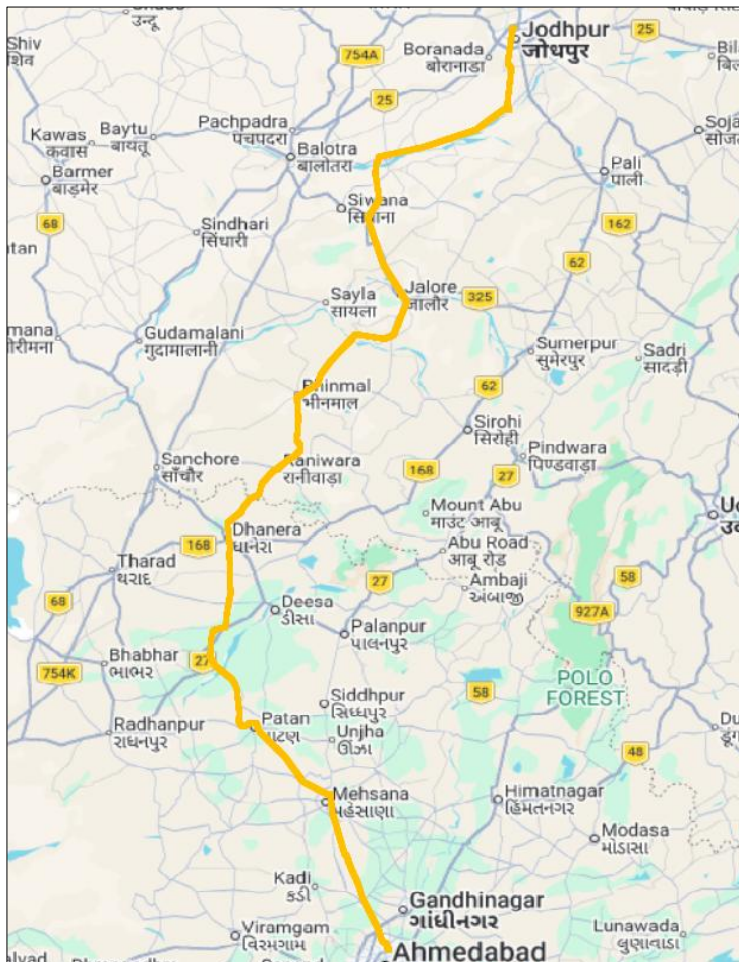


Figure-4: Drive test route Railway.

4.2.2 Routes Covered

Jodhpur to Ahmedabad passing through Bhagat Ki Kothi, Luni Junction, Dundara, Samdari Junction, Mokalsar, Jalor, Modran, Marwar Bhinmal, Raniwara, Dhanera, Bhildi Junction, Patan and Mahesana Junction etc.

4.2.3 Voice Performance

(a) Voice Call Performance in auto network selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G)

| Parameters | Service Provider | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| | Auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) | | | |
| | AIRTEL | BSNL | RJIL | VIL |
| Call Attempts | 134 | 175 | 130 | 143 |
| Call Setup Success Rate % | 97.01 | 69.71 | 100.00 | 88.11 |
| Drop Call Rate % | 0.00 | 12.30 | 0.00 | 3.17 |
| Call Setup Time Average (Second) | 2.25 | 1.92 | 0.79 | 1.29 |
| Handover Success Rate % | 99.65 | 98.27 | 99.89 | 99.68 |

Table-7: Summary of voice call performance in network auto-selection mode.

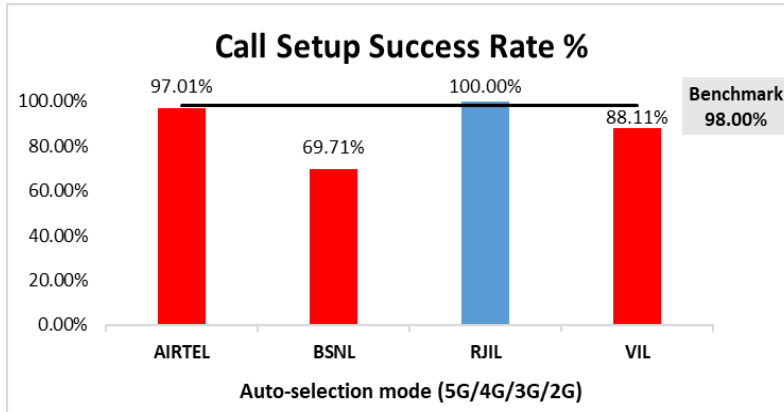


Figure-5: Performance for call setup success rate.

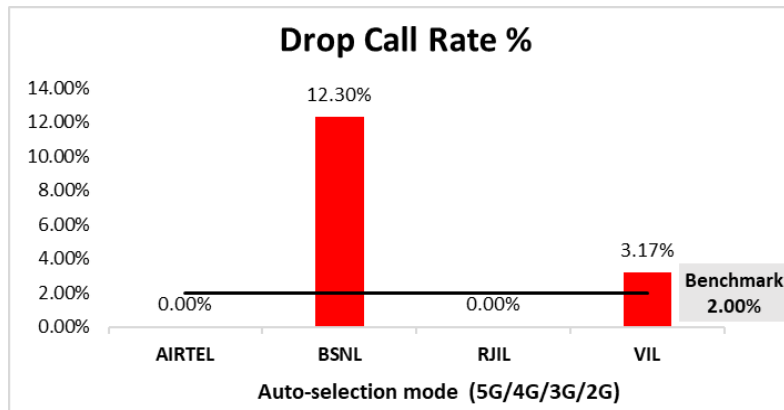


Figure-6: Performance for drop call rate.

(b) Network Technology: This section represent time spent on various network technologies.

| Technology | Service Provider | | | |
|-----------------|------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| | AIRTEL | BSNL | RJIL | VIL |
| 5G | 2.46% | NA | 26.23% | 0.00% |
| 4G | 97.49% | 56.07% | 73.77% | 88.79% |
| 3G | NA | 7.07% | NA | NA |
| 2G | 0.00% | 31.88% | NA | 11.17% |
| Limited Service | 0.04% | 4.98% | 0.00% | 0.04% |

Table-8: Time spent on technology during drive test in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) voice.

Note-

- NA- Service provider doesn't provide services in respective technology.

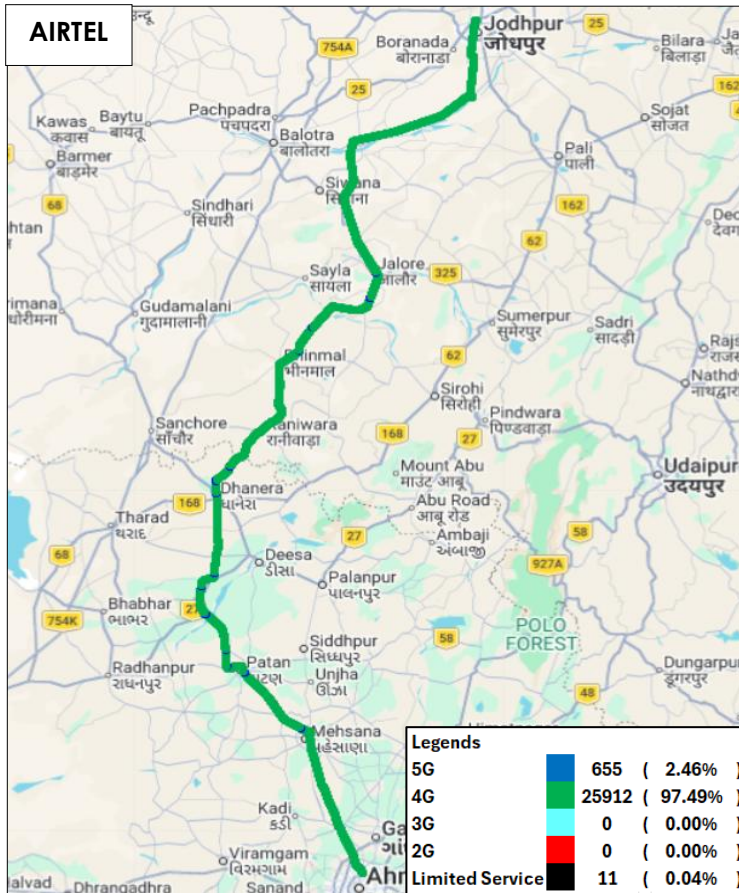


Figure-7: Serving technology plots in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) voice - AIRTEL.

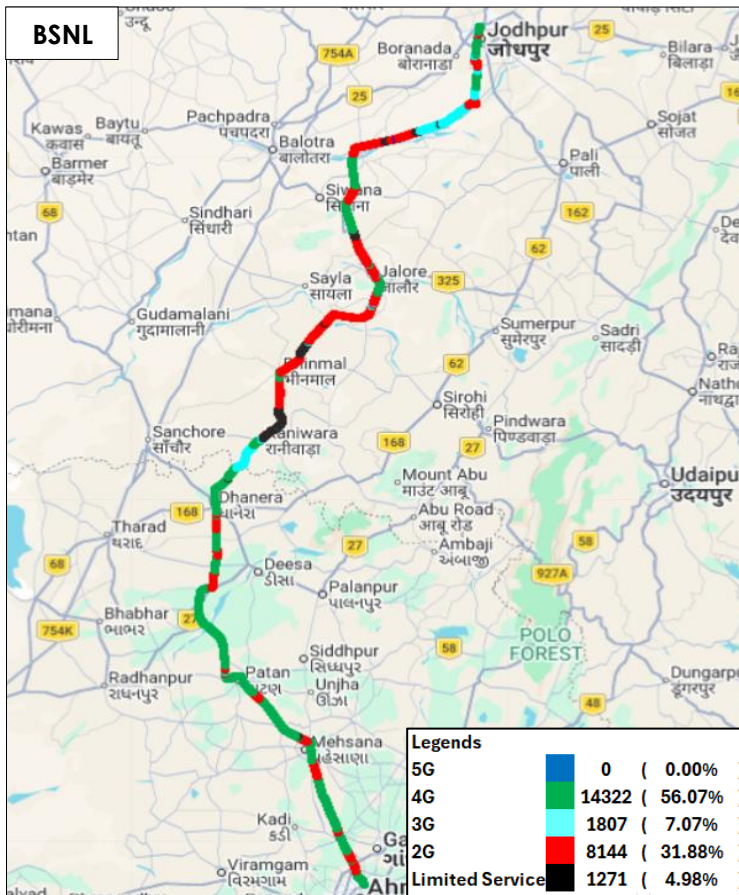


Figure-8: Serving technology plots in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) voice - BSNL.

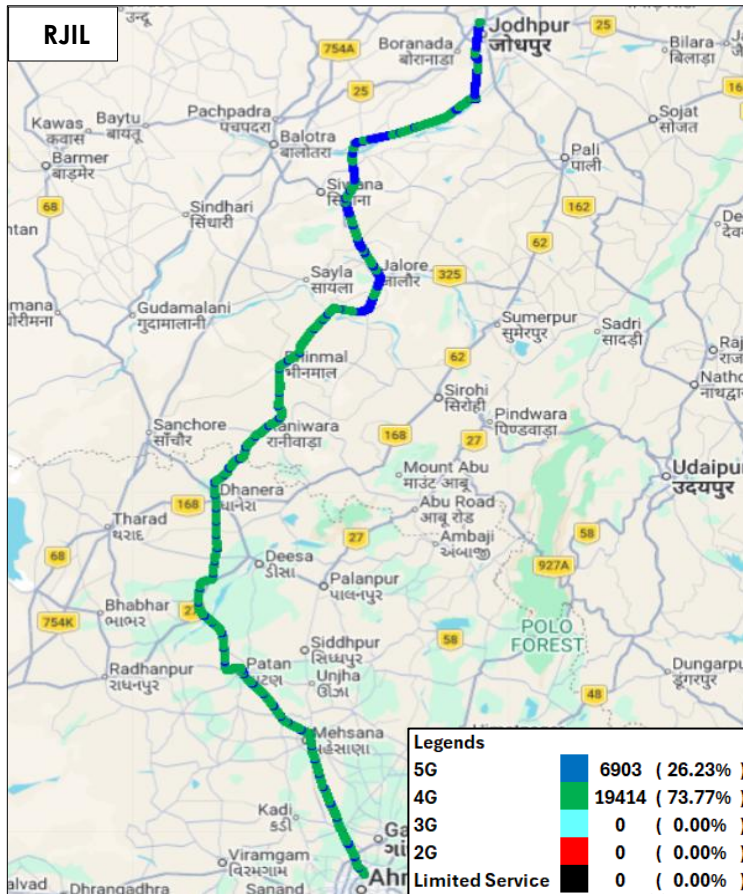


Figure-9: Serving technology plots in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) voice - RJIL.

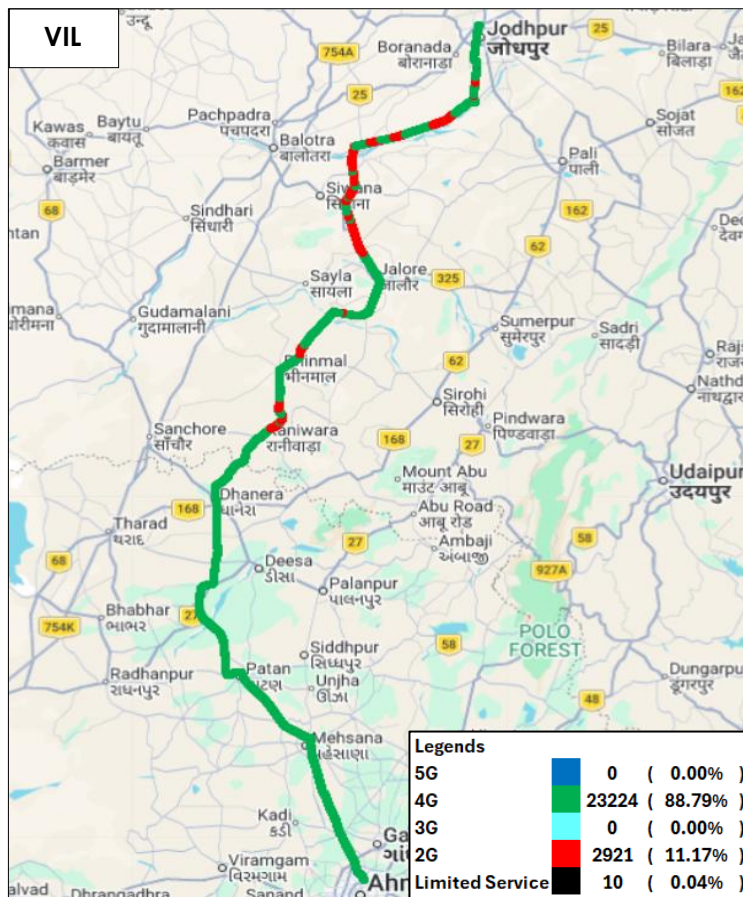


Figure-10: Serving technology plots in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) voice - VIL.

(c) Network Signal Strength Distribution: The following chart provide signal strength distribution for auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) voice. (Refer figure-19, 20, 21 & 22 for map view)

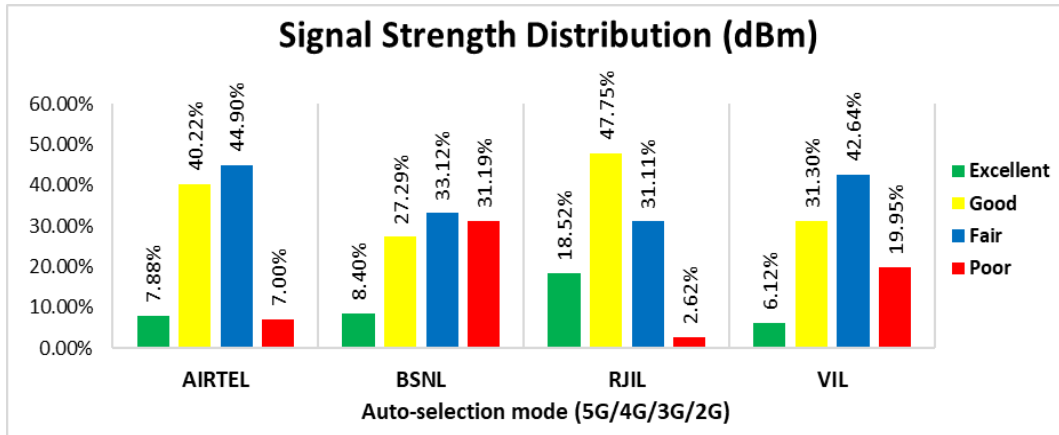


Figure-11: Signal strength distribution auto-selection mode 5G/4G/3G/2G voice.

Observations:

- Airtel has 8% of samples falling in the excellent signal strength category.
- BSNL has 8% of samples falling in the excellent signal strength category.
- RJIL has 19% of samples falling in the excellent signal strength category.
- VIL has 6% of samples falling in the excellent signal strength category.

4.2.4 Data performance

(a) Data Parameters (Auto-selection mode- 5G/4G/3G/2G)

| Parameters | | Service Provider | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| | | Auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) | | | |
| | | AIRTEL | BSNL | RJIL | VIL |
| Download Throughput (Mbits/s) | Average | 48.53 | 7.95 | 89.61 | 12.71 |
| | 80th Percentile | 79.09 | 13.69 | 158.94 | 20.64 |
| | 20th Percentile | 2.49 | 0.75 | 18.89 | 3.23 |
| Upload Throughput (Mbits/s) | Average | 11.69 | 3.76 | 9.06 | 8.81 |
| | 80th Percentile | 20.17 | 5.95 | 14.98 | 15.56 |
| | 20th Percentile | 1.86 | 1.20 | 2.26 | 2.11 |
| Latency (ms) | 50th Percentile | 44.63 | 44.48 | 27.91 | 36.82 |

Table-9: Summary of Data performance in network auto-selection mode

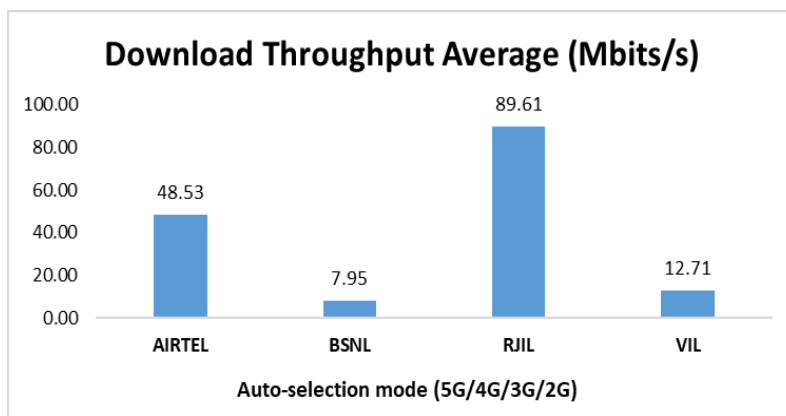


Figure-12: Download throughput

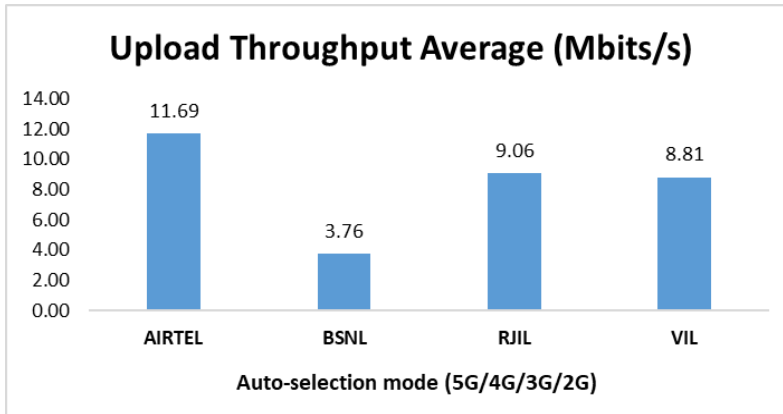


Figure-13: Upload throughput

(b) Network Technology: This section represents time spent on various network technologies.

| Technology | Service Provider | | | |
|------------------------|------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| | AIRTEL | BSNL | RJIL | VIL |
| 5G | 60.53% | NA | 94.92% | 2.02% |
| 4G | 39.47% | 68.85% | 5.08% | 94.38% |
| 3G | NA | 12.35% | NA | NA |
| 2G | 0.00% | 13.67% | NA | 3.47% |
| Limited Service | 0.00% | 5.12% | 0.00% | 0.12% |

Table-10: Time spent on technology during drive test in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) data.

Note-

- NA- Service provider doesn't provide services in respective technology.

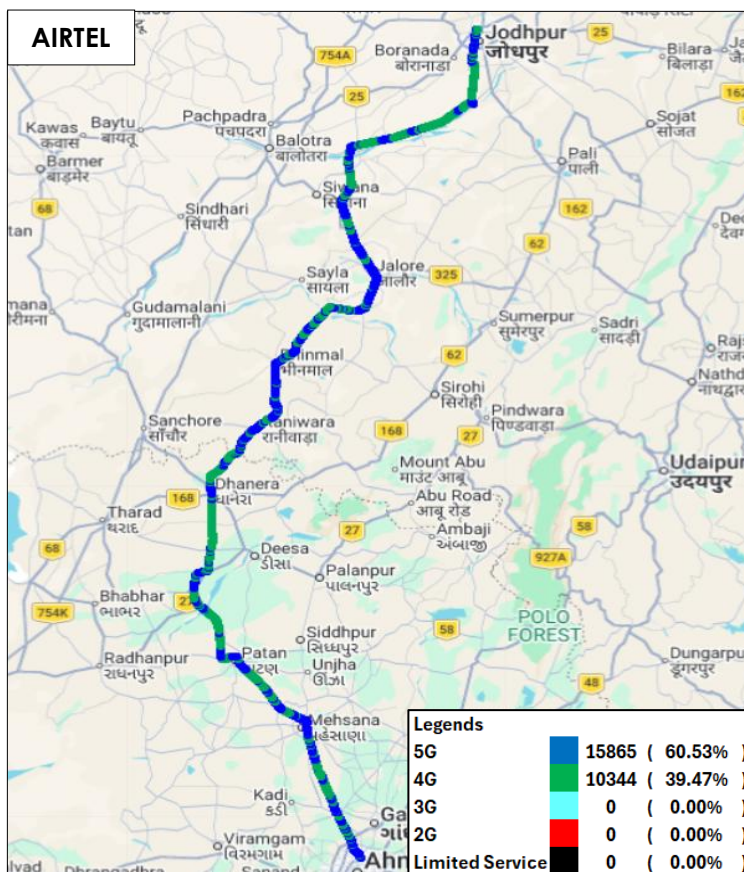


Figure-14: Serving technology plot in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) data - AIRTEL.

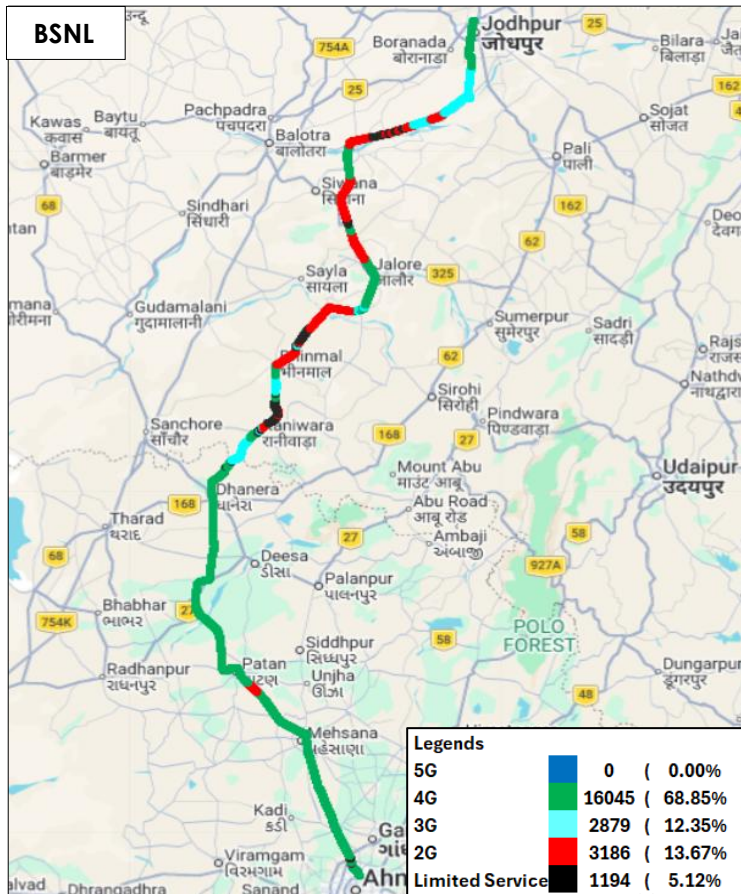


Figure-15: Serving technology plot in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) data - BSNL.

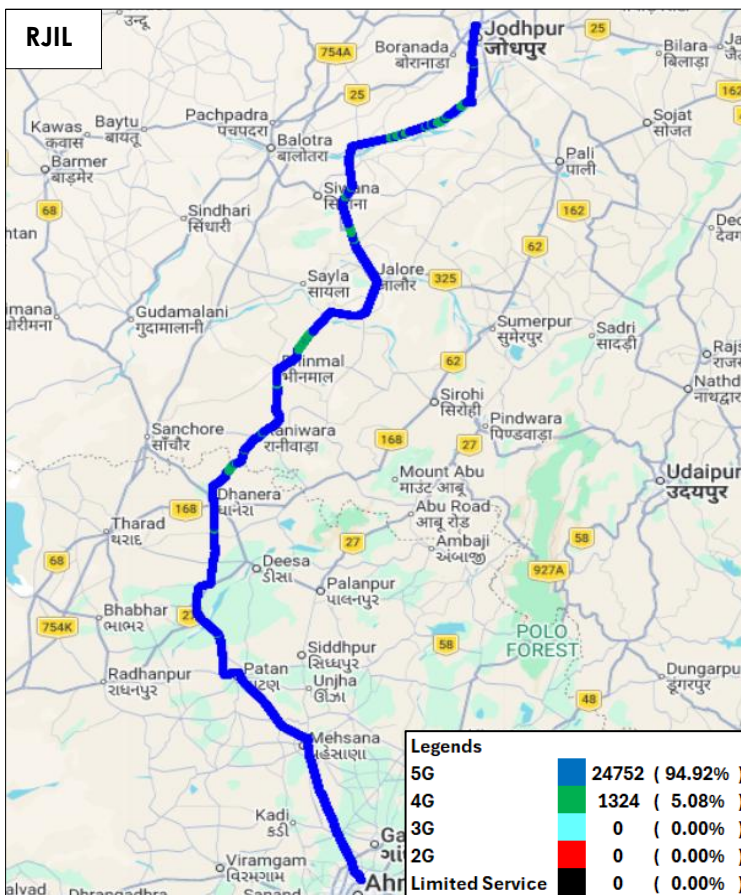


Figure-16: Serving technology plot in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) data - RJIL.

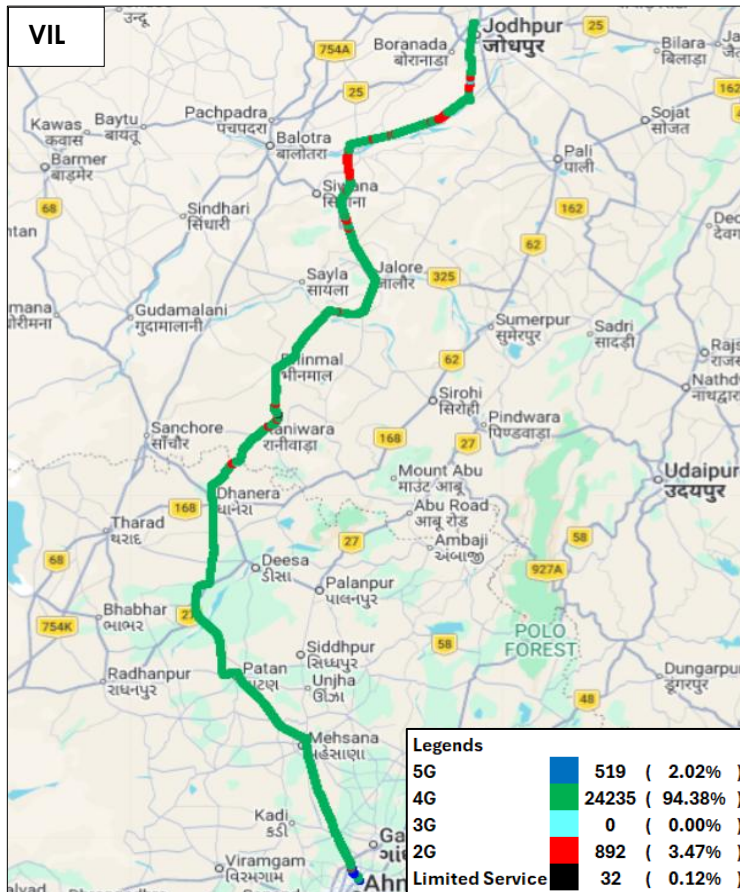


Figure-17: Serving technology plot in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) data - VIL.

(c) Network Signal Strength Distribution: The following chart provides signal strength distribution for auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) data. (Refer figure-23, 24, 25 & 26 for map view)

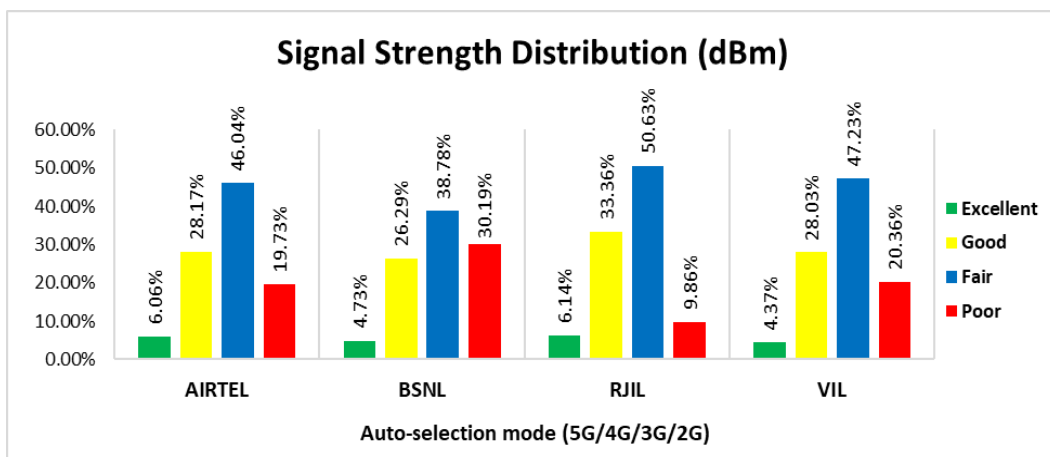


Figure-18: Signal strength distribution auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) data.

Observations:

- Airtel has 6% of samples falling in the excellent signal strength category.
- BSNL has 5% of samples falling in the excellent signal strength category.
- RJIL has 6% of samples falling in the excellent signal strength category.
- VIL has 4% of samples falling in the excellent signal strength category.

5. Voice & Data Key findings

5.1 Overall Voice

1. Call Setup Success Rate:

- a) Airtel, BSNL, RJIL and VIL have 97.01%, 69.71%, 100.00% and 88.11% call setup success rate respectively in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G). (refer table-3)

2. Call Setup Time:

- a) Airtel, BSNL, RJIL & VIL call setup time is 2.25, 1.92, 0.79 & 1.29 seconds respectively in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G). (refer table-3)

3. Drop Call Rate:

- a) Airtel, BSNL, RJIL and VIL drop call rate is 0.00%, 12.30%, 0.00% and 3.17% respectively in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G). (refer table-3)

5.2 Overall Data

1. Data download and upload performance (Overall i.e. LSA):

- a) Airtel, BSNL, RJIL and VIL average download speeds are 48.53 Mbps, 7.95 Mbps, 89.61 Mbps and 12.71 Mbps respectively. (refer table-5)
- b) Airtel, BSNL, RJIL and VIL average upload speeds are 11.69 Mbps, 3.76 Mbps, 9.06 Mbps and 8.81 Mbps respectively. (refer table-5)

5.3 Operator wise Key Findings

1. Airtel:

Voice

- 97.01% call setup success rate and 0.00% drop call rate have been observed in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) for LSA/ railway drive. Performance is not meeting the benchmark of 98.00% for call setup success rate. (refer table-3 & 7)

Data

- Airtel has 48.53 Mbps average download speed & 11.69 Mbps average upload speed for LSA/ railway drive. (refer table-5 & 9)

2. BSNL:

Voice

- 69.71% call setup success rate and 12.30% drop call rate have been observed in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) for LSA/ railway drive. Performance is not meeting the benchmark of 98.00% & 2.00% respectively. (refer table-3 & 7)

Data

- BSNL has 7.95 Mbps average download speed & 3.76 Mbps average upload speed for LSA/ railway drive. (refer table-5 & 9)

3. RJIL:

Voice

- 100.00% call setup success rate and 0.00% drop call rate have been observed in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) for LSA/ railway drive. Performance is well within the benchmark of 98.00% & 2.00% respectively. (refer table-3 & 7)

Data

- RJIL has 89.61 Mbps average download speed & 9.06 Mbps average upload speed for LSA/ railway drive. (refer table-5 & 9)

4. VIL:**Voice**

- 88.11% call setup success rate and 3.17% drop call rate have been observed in auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) for LSA/ railway drive. Performance is not meeting the benchmark of 98.00% & 2.00% respectively. (refer table-3 & 7)

Data

- VIL has 12.71 Mbps average download speed & 8.81 Mbps average upload speed for LSA/ railway drive. (refer table-5 & 9)

6. Annexure

6.1 Route wise coverage map

6.1.1 Railway

i) Jodhpur to Ahmedabad

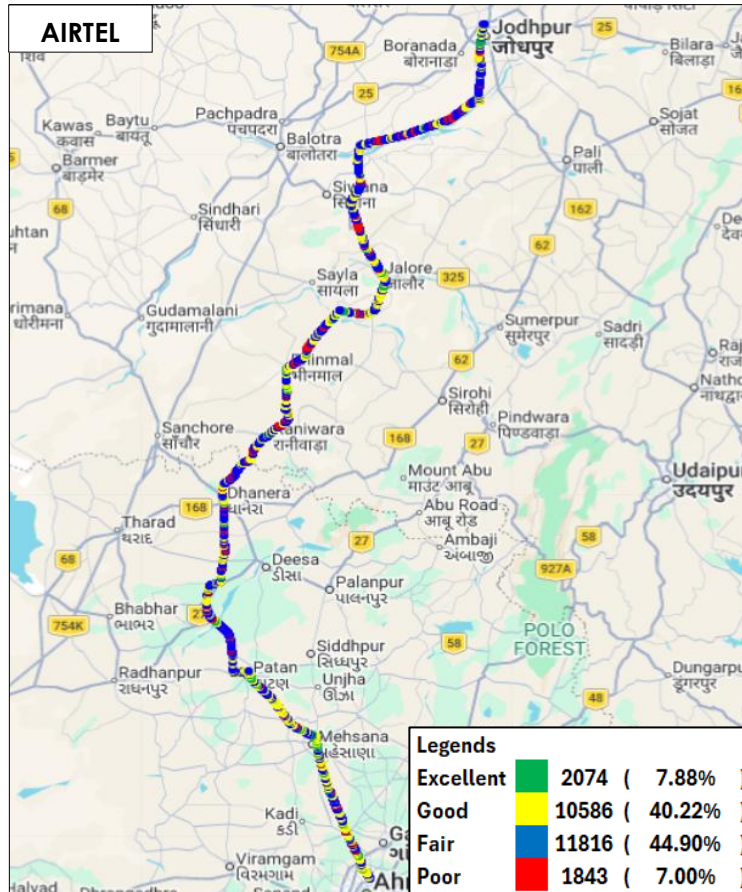


Figure-19: Signal strength auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) voice - AIRTEL.

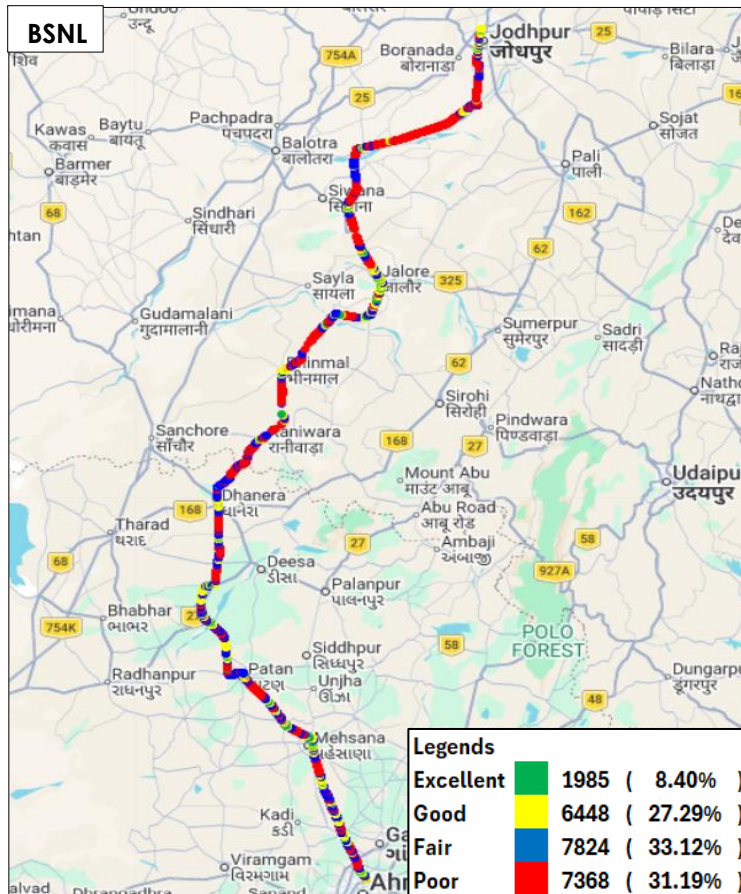


Figure-20: Signal strength auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) voice - BSNL.

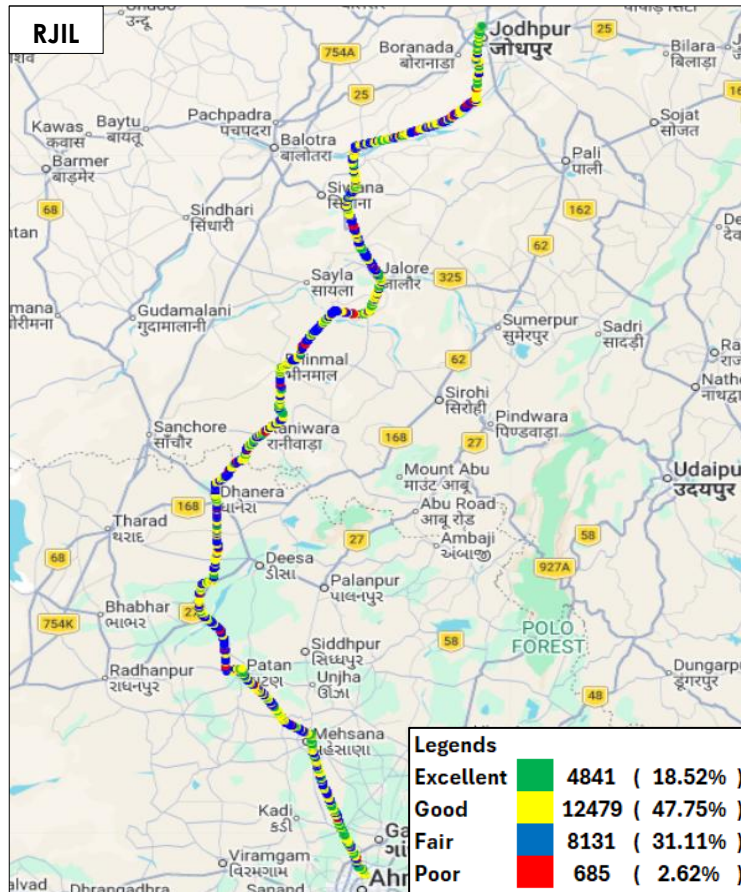


Figure-21: Signal strength auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) voice - RJIL.

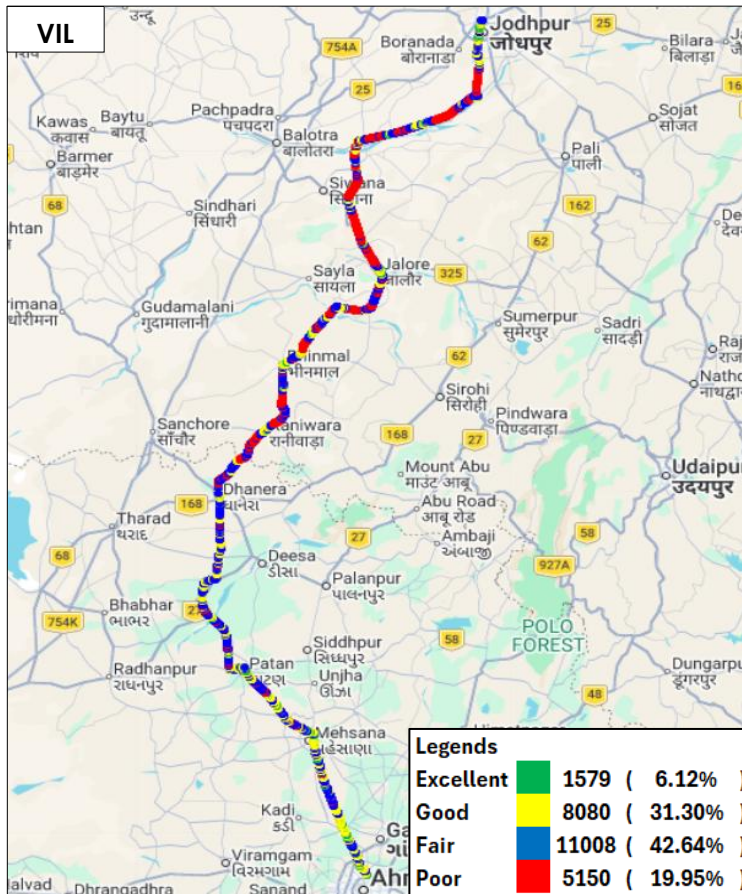


Figure-22: Signal strength auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) voice - VIL.

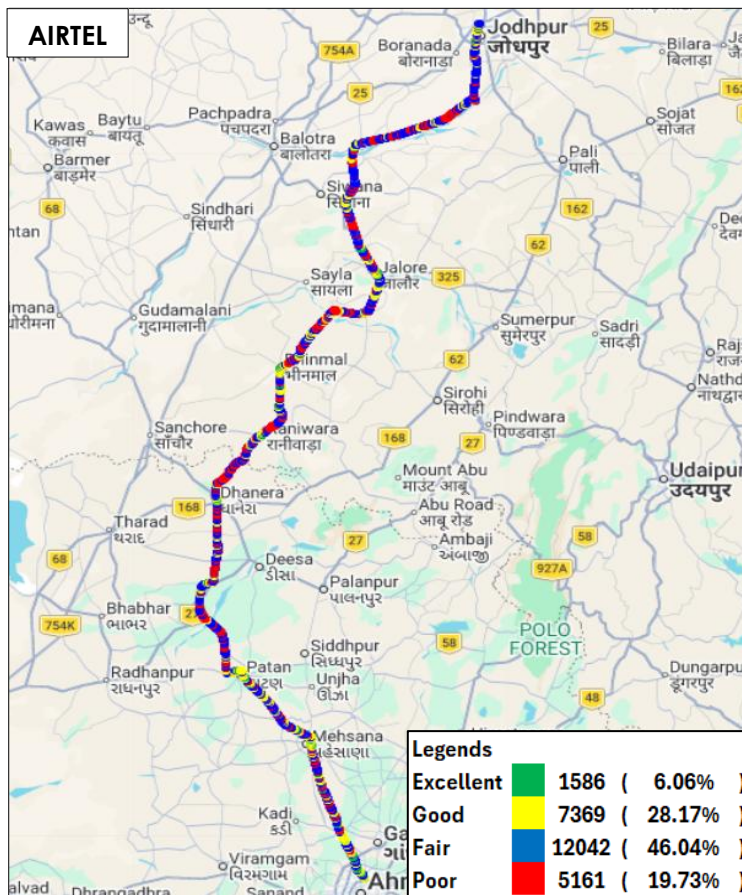


Figure-23: Signal strength auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) data - AIRTEL.

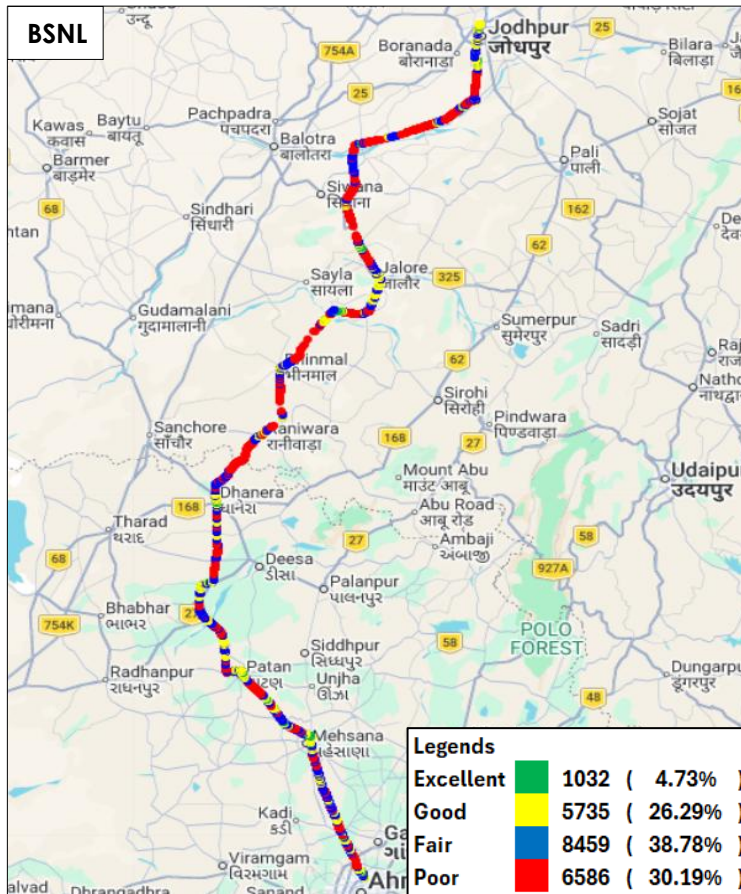


Figure-24: Signal strength auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) data - BSNL.

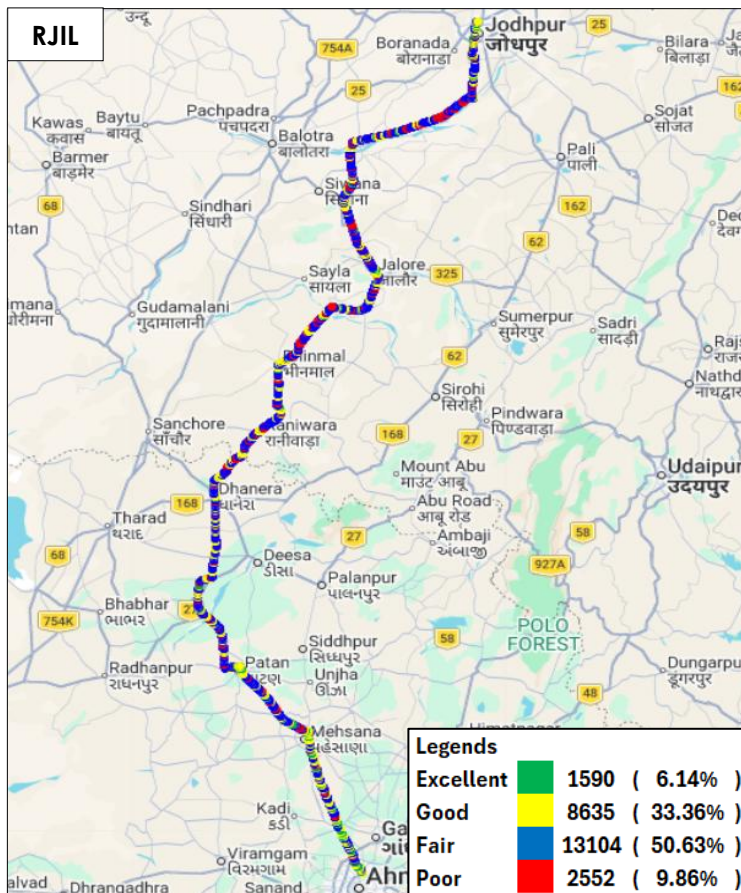


Figure-25: Signal strength auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) data - RJIL.

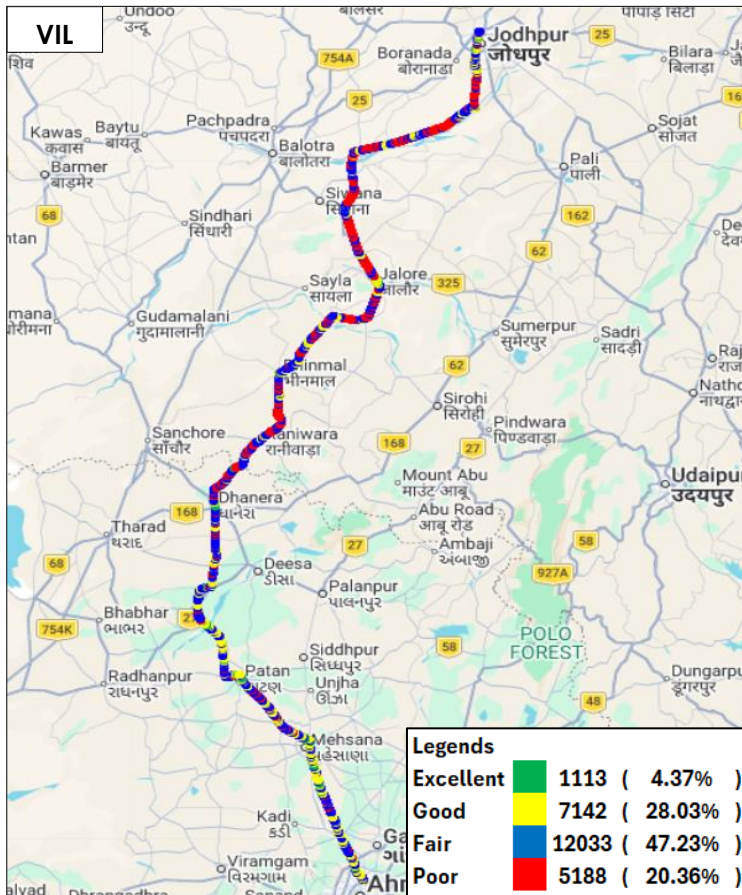


Figure-26: Signal strength auto-selection mode (5G/4G/3G/2G) data - VIL.

7. Appendix

The details of the setup used for conducting the drive test and the network or performance parameters captured under different conditions may be seen at Appendix-I. The calculation method of each QoS parameter is given in Appendix-II of the report. The summary of key equipment used in technical setup is as under

- **Device-1:** OnePlus Nord CE3 for 3G/2G CAT-15 Smartphone.
- **Device-2:** Samsung Galaxy S23 for 5G/4G/3G/2G CAT-20 Smartphone
- **Drive test Software:** Azenqos Engineering capable Applications to capture actual user experience.

7.1 Appendix-I

7.1.1 Drive test setup

| Voice Call | | |
|--------------------|--|---------|
| Call details | Technology | Detail |
| Call Setup Timeout | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3G/2G auto mode- switch Call • 5G/4G/3G/2G auto mode- switch Call • 5G/4G MOS Call | 30 Sec |
| Call Duration | | 180 Sec |
| Wait/ Guard Time | | 15 Sec |

Table-11: Voice test detail

| |
|---|
| <p>Note-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There is 15 sec wait time after locking and before starting first call in 3G/2G call. • 10 calls to be made at each Hotspot location. • Minimum 10 Calls to be made during the walk test. Call count will be increased based on walk test distance. • Speech quality (MOS) has been measured only in city drive & highway by making Mobile to Mobile call. • 180 Sec calls were made only in railway route drive. |
|---|

| Data Test | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Test Type | Technology | Detail |
| FTP/HTTP Download | 5G/4G/3G/2G Auto Mode | 500 MB File- 30 Sec Timeout, (Multithread 3- TCP Connection at a time) |
| FTP/HTTP Upload | | 250 MB File- 30 Sec Timeout, (Multithread 3- TCP Connection at a time) |
| YouTube Streaming | | 20 Sec Video & 25 sec Timeout (Only at Hotspot) |
| Web Browsing | | 3 popular websites (www.google.co.in , www.irctc.co.in , sbi.bank.in) 20 sec timeout (only at Hotspot) |

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Latency & Jitter (TWAMP-UDP) | | 25 count- Dynamic 500 count- Hotspot Payload- 42 bytes in all drive |
| Packet Loss Rate (TWAMP-UDP & TCP) | | 500 counts (TWAMP-UDP) 500 counts (TCP) at each hotspot Payload- 42 bytes in all drive |

Table-12: Data test detail

| |
|--|
| <p>Note-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 5 Data iteration to be done at each hotspot location. • Minimum 5 iteration to be made during the walk test. Iteration count will be increased based on walk test distance. • TWAMP-UDP & TCP test to be performed only once at hotspot location. • Youtube & Web browsing test to be performed at static location only. • All values are taken up to two decimal places with round off. • Airtel server was used for FTP Download, FTP Upload, TCP and TWAMP testing, for Airtel. • Delhi-based TRAI server was used for HTTP Download, HTTP Upload, TCP and TWAMP testing, for BSNL. • RJIL server was used for FTP Download, FTP Upload, TCP and TWAMP testing, for RJIL. • VIL server was used for HTTP Download, HTTP Upload, TCP and TWAMP testing, for VIL. |
|--|

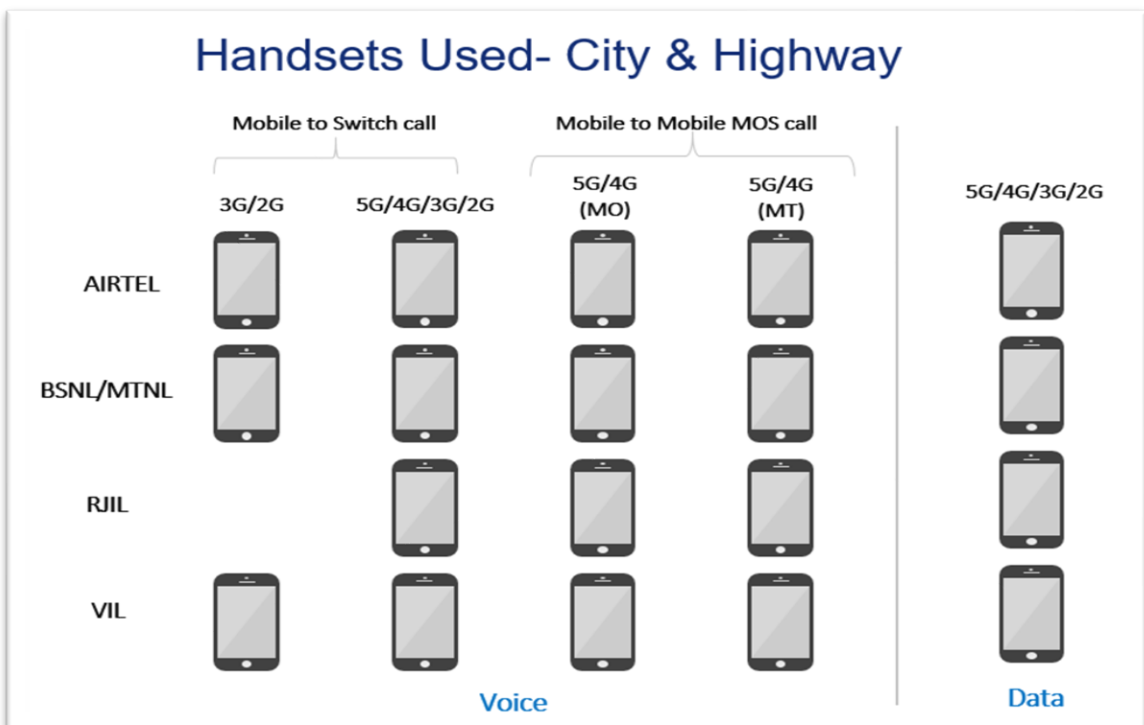


Figure-27: Number of handsets used in city & highway drive

MO: Mobile originating

MT: Mobile terminating

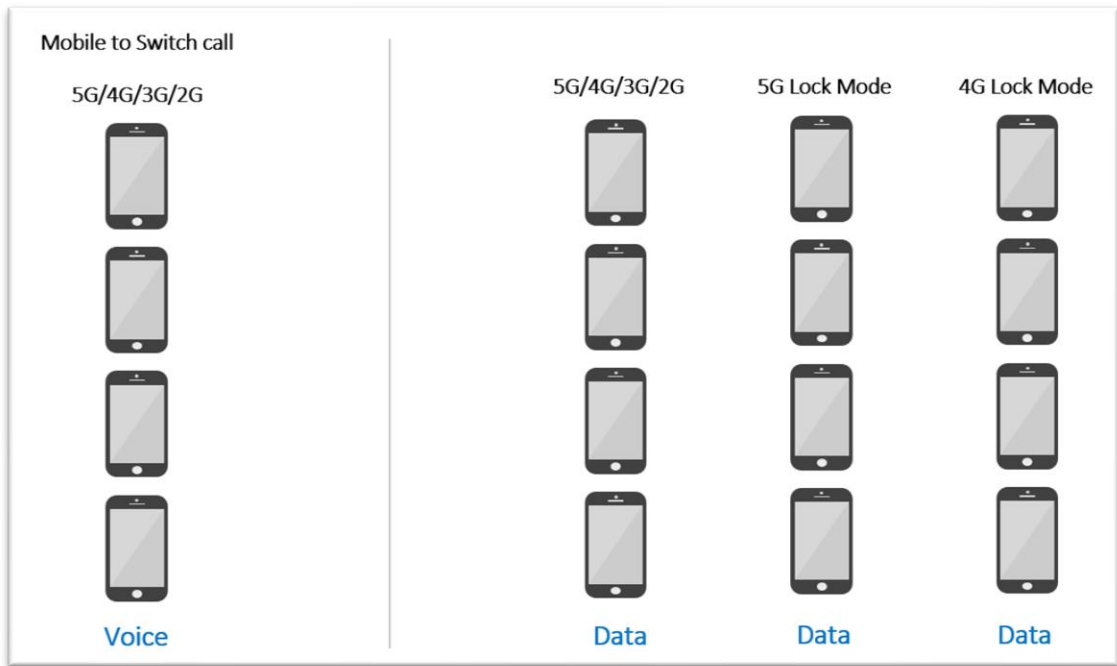


Figure-28: Number of handsets used in railway/metro/walktest/hotspot/ coastal area

Note- 5G & 4G Lock mode testing has been performed at hotspot locations only.

7.1.2 Drive test Methodology

(a) Dynamic voice testing (on the move)

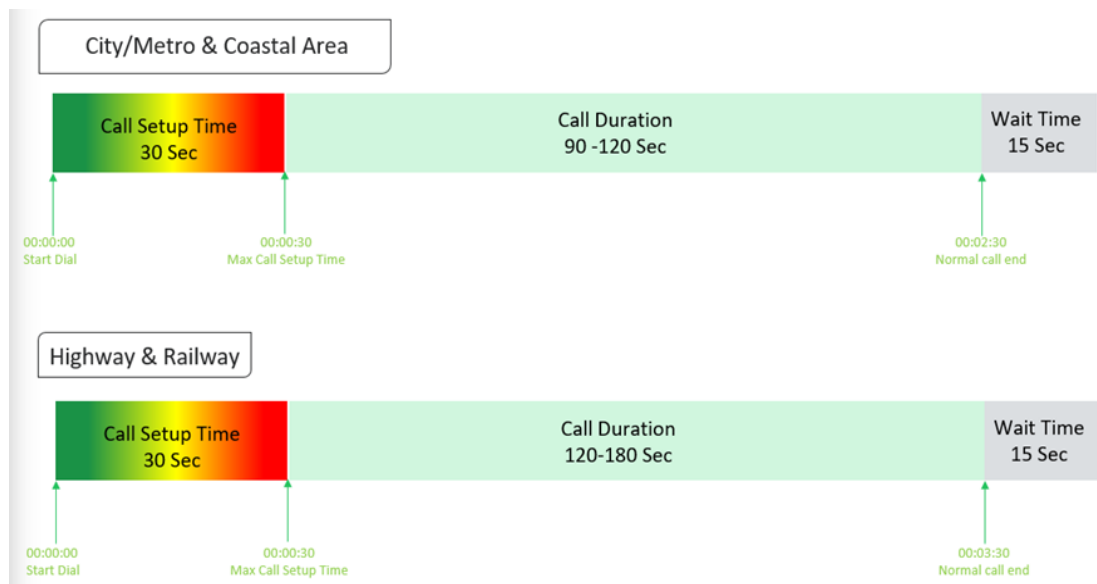


Figure-29: Voice test script for city/railway/metro/highway & coastal area

- 15 sec wait time is applied after locking Radio Access Technology (RAT) to 3G/2G and before starting first call in 3G/2G call.
- Speech quality (MOS) will be measured only City & Highway drive by making Mobile to Mobile calls.

(b) Hotspot voice testing



Figure-30: Voice test script for walktest/hotspot

- 10 calls to be made at each Hotspot location.
- Minimum 10 Calls to be made during the walk test. Call count will be increased based on walk test distance.

(c) Dynamic Data (internet) test

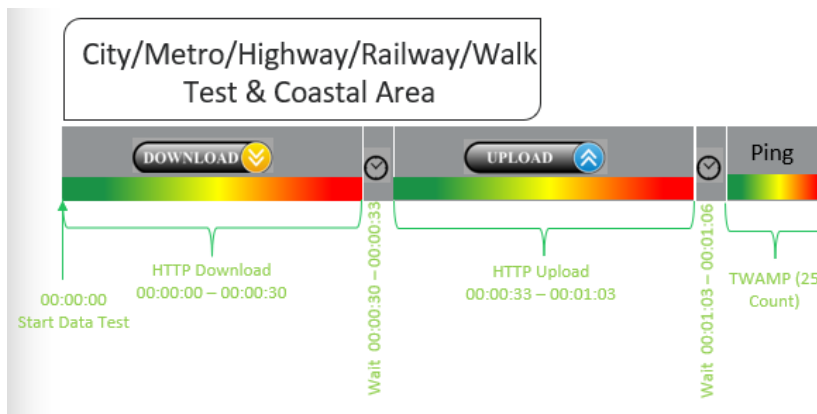


Figure-31: Data test script used in city/metro/railway/highway/walk test & coastal area

(d) Static Data(internet) testing

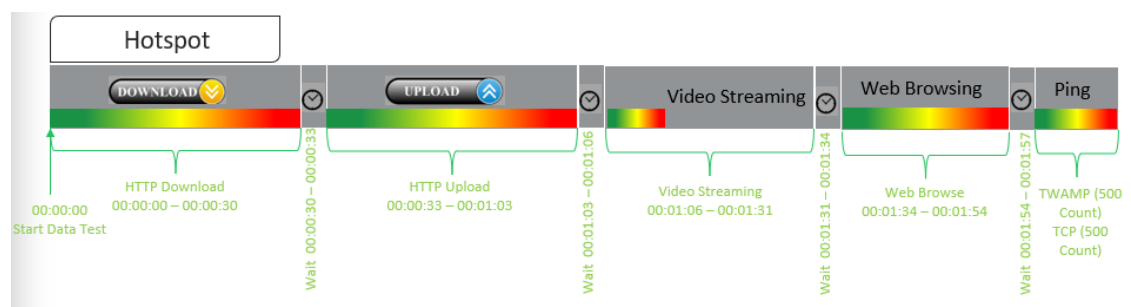


Figure-32: Data test script used at hotspot

- 5 Data iteration done at each hotspot location
- Min. 5 iteration made during the walk test.
- Web browsing duration mentioned above is for one web site only.
- One Ping iteration (with 500 Count of each- TWAMP & TCP) done at hotspot location.

7.2 Appendix-II

7.2.1 Network Performance Parameters for Voice calls

| Parameter Name | Definition |
|-------------------------|---|
| Call Setup Success Rate | <p>(i) Call Setup Success Rate is defined as the ratio of Established Calls to Call Attempts. 'Established Calls' mean the following events have happened in call setup:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Call attempt is made (b) The signaling channel is allocated (c) The call is routed to the outwards path of the terminating network (d) An alert signal is received by caller in the form of ring back tone, busy tone, or an announcement. <p>CSSR = (Total Call Established/ Total Call Attempt) *100</p> <p>As per QoS Regulation 2024 benchmark value is >=98%</p> |
| Drop Call Rate | <p>Call drop represents the service provider network's ability to maintain a call once it has been successfully established. This parameter shall include both incoming calls and outgoing calls which, once they have been established and have an assigned traffic channel/ bearer, are dropped, or interrupted before their normal completion by the user, the cause of the early termination being within the service provider's network</p> <p>Drop Call Rate = (Total Call Drop/Total Call Established) *100</p> <p>As per QoS Regulation 2024 benchmark value is <=2%</p> |
| Call Setup Time | <p>Time taken from call initiate to call alerting/ringing.</p> <p>Call Setup Time = T2- T1</p> <p>T2- Ringing (VoLTE/VoNR) & Alerting (for WCDMA & GSM), T1- Invite (VoLTE/VoNR) & CM Service Request (for WCDMA & GSM)</p> |
| Voice Quality (MOS) | <p>Voice quality in mobile networks is measured with algorithms based on ITU-T P.863 (POLQA). The grading for Voice quality has been given as:</p> <p>Excellent: MOS ≥ 4 and < 5 Good : MOS ≥ 3 and < 4 Fair : MOS ≥ 2 and < 3 Poor : MOS ≥ 1 and < 2</p> |
| Handover Success Rate | <p>Handover Success Rate = Count of successful handovers (All Technology Handover combined) / Total count of Handover Attempt (All Technology Handover combined) *100</p> <p>Handover type which are considered- 2G Inter & Intra cell, 3G Soft & IRAT, 4G Inter & Intra frequency & SRVCC, 5G Inter & Intra frequency & 5G to 4G handovers.</p> |
| Silence Call | <p>A call which has ≥ 4 sec continuous RTP gap is considered as a Silence Call.</p> <p>Silence call rate = (count of silence call / Total calls established) *100</p> <p>If a call observes multiple silence count ≥ 4 sec in a particular established call it has been taken as one silent event.</p> |

| <p>Jitter</p> | <p>The inter arrival jitter is the difference in the relative transit time for two packets. The relative transit time is the difference between a packet's Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP) timestamp and the receiver's clock at the time of arrival, measured in the same units. If S_i is the RTP timestamp from packet i, and R_i is the time of arrival in RTP timestamps units for packet i, then for two packets i and j the inter-arrival jitter D can be expressed as: $D(i,j) = (R_j - R_i) - (S_j - S_i)$</p> <p>The interarrival jitter is calculated continuously as each data packet i is received from source $SSRC_n$, using this difference D for that packet and the previous packet $i-1$ in order of arrival (not necessarily in sequence), according to the formula $J(i) = J(i-1) + (D(i-1,i) - J(i-1))/16$ or 8</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--|--|-----------|------|------|------|----------|-----|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|------|-------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|------|-----|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------|---------|----|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| <p>Downlink Packet Drop Rate</p> | <p>Number of RTP (Real-time Transport Protocol) Packets lost divided by total RTP packet received (against each source_SSRC and sequence number) at call originating handset. This KPI is calculated from MOS call for packet call only (VoNR/VoLTE).</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>Uplink Packet Drop Rate</p> | <p>Number of RTP (Real-time Transport Protocol) Packets lost divided by total RTP packet received (against each source_SSRC and sequence number) at call terminating handset. This KPI is calculated from MOS call for packet call only (VoNR/VoLTE).</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>Signal Strength</p> | <p>Signal strength is the signal power level received by the wireless user.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="710 907 1423 1171"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Parameter Name</th> <th rowspan="2">Technology</th> <th colspan="4">Signal Strength (dBm)</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Excellent</th> <th>Good</th> <th>Fair</th> <th>Poor</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Rx Level</td> <td>GSM</td> <td>0 to \geq -65</td> <td><-65 to \geq -75</td> <td><-75 to \geq -85</td> <td><-85 to min</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RSCP</td> <td>WCDMA</td> <td>0 to \geq -70</td> <td><-70 to \geq -80</td> <td><-80 to \geq -90</td> <td><-90 to min</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RSRP</td> <td>LTE</td> <td>0 to \geq -80</td> <td><-80 to \geq -95</td> <td><-95 to \geq -110</td> <td><-110 to min</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SS_RSRP</td> <td>NR</td> <td>0 to \geq -80</td> <td><-80 to \geq -95</td> <td><-95 to \geq -110</td> <td><-110 to min</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Parameter Name | Technology | Signal Strength (dBm) | | | | Excellent | Good | Fair | Poor | Rx Level | GSM | 0 to \geq -65 | <-65 to \geq -75 | <-75 to \geq -85 | <-85 to min | RSCP | WCDMA | 0 to \geq -70 | <-70 to \geq -80 | <-80 to \geq -90 | <-90 to min | RSRP | LTE | 0 to \geq -80 | <-80 to \geq -95 | <-95 to \geq -110 | <-110 to min | SS_RSRP | NR | 0 to \geq -80 | <-80 to \geq -95 | <-95 to \geq -110 | <-110 to min |
| Parameter Name | Technology | | | Signal Strength (dBm) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Excellent | Good | Fair | Poor | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rx Level | GSM | 0 to \geq -65 | <-65 to \geq -75 | <-75 to \geq -85 | <-85 to min | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RSCP | WCDMA | 0 to \geq -70 | <-70 to \geq -80 | <-80 to \geq -90 | <-90 to min | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RSRP | LTE | 0 to \geq -80 | <-80 to \geq -95 | <-95 to \geq -110 | <-110 to min | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SS_RSRP | NR | 0 to \geq -80 | <-80 to \geq -95 | <-95 to \geq -110 | <-110 to min | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table-13: Network performance parameter and definition voice

7.2.2 Network Performance Parameters Data tests

| Parameter Name | Definition |
|---|--|
| <p>Download Speed (Mbps)</p> | <p>The download speed is defined as the data transmission rate that is achieved for downloading a test file from a test server to a test device.</p> <p>Download Speed = Total bytes transferred during download / Total time for transfer</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 80th percentile (upper range) & 20th percentile (lower range) value has been calculated for download throughput in dynamic drive and Hotspot combine data |
| <p>Upload Speed (Mbps)</p> | <p>The upload speed is the data transmission rate that is achieved for uploading a test file from a test device to a test server.</p> <p>Upload Speed = Total bytes transferred during upload / Total time for transfer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 80th percentile (upper range) & 20th percentile (lower range) value has been calculated for upload throughput in dynamic drive and Hotspot combine data. |
| <p>Download Session Setup Success Rate</p> | <p>(total download session established (successfully connected to server)/ total download session attempt) *100. This KPI has been calculated for Hotspot only.</p> |

| | |
|---|--|
| Upload Session Setup Success Rate | (total upload session established (successfully connected to server)/ total upload session attempt)*100. This KPI need to report for Hotspot only. |
| Web Page Download Time | Web browsing test is used to measure performance in terms of opening a web/HTTP page. Time taken to open the web page successfully is considered as web browsing delay/web page download time. |
| Video Streaming Delay | The Video streaming delay is time taken from start of video transfer to First video frame displayed in player. |
| Latency (TWAMP-UDP) | Latency is the time it takes for a small data set to be transmitted from a device to a server on the Internet and back to the same device again. The Latency is measured in milliseconds (ms). To calculate the one-way latency we just do half of the round-trip time. 50th percentile of one-way latency has been reported. |
| Jitter (TWAMP-UDP) | Measure of variation in time in arrival of packets from a source to destination The consideration of packet delay jitter is considered by standard deviation of Inter Packet Delay Variation. If IPDV is used. By standard deviation is meant the average of standard deviation of IPDV on DL $IPDV(i) = D(i) - D(i-1)$ then Stdvs of IPDV is considered as jitter. |
| Packet Loss Rate (TWAMP-UDP & TCP) | Number of packets lost out of total packet transferred during test. Packet loss rate = (Total packet lost / Total packet sent) *100 * Packet delay (using TWAMP-UDP & TCP) >90 ms considered as packet loss and included in packet loss rate. * Packet loss rate is calculated based on TWAMP-UDP & TCP. *90 th percentile for Packet loss rate has been reported in overall Hotspot performance summary. |

Table-14: Network performance parameter and definition Data

Disclaimer: The observations presented above and, in the reports, represent the performance of the service providers on the area/route under test on the day/time of conducting the drive test and no inference whatsoever may be drawn regarding the quality of the telecom service by the service providers in the whole city/state/licensed service area.